

## **WORKPLACE HEALTH AND SAFETY CULTURE**

You can create an effective workplace health and safety culture through leadership, communication and training using systems, symbols and behaviours.



Commit to action using consultation, partnership and feedback.

It's 'the way we do things around here'.

## SENIOR MANAGERS

#### LINE MANAGERS

#### **WORKERS**

## Senior managers:

- value wellbeing, health and safety as much as productivity and financial outcomes
- make your commitment to health and safety visible
- effectively communicate your concerns for health and safety through active listening and consultation
- connect with your workers to understand the health and safety issues in your workplace.

### Line managers:

- ensure that health and safety as an outcome is included in business planning
- demonstrate your commitment to health and safety using actions and words
- drive risk management and effective safety systems
- reinforce adherence to policies and procedures that support Officer due diligence obligations
- proactively identify, report and take action on health and safety risks.

#### Workers:

- constantly reinforce and influence safety behaviours in your workplace
- regularly communicate and report on health, wellbeing and safety issues
- work with management to identify safety problems and find solutions
- take ownership of health and safety in your workplace.

## Work Health and Safety Committee

ACTIONS: Engage with HSRs, team leaders and workers to determine potential sources of harm



## Health and Safety Function

ACTIONS: Seek out information about work groups from HSRs and committee members. Look for ways to improve safety systems and drive change

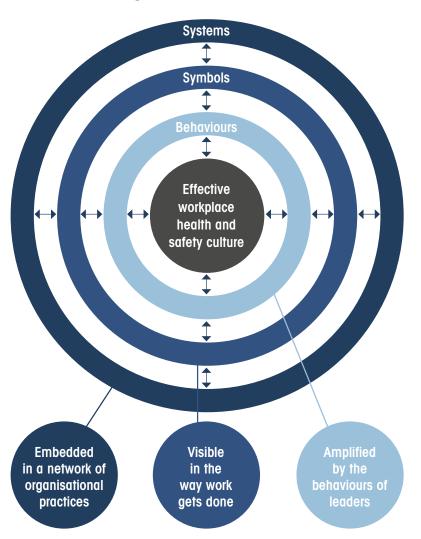


## Health and Safety Representative

ACTIONS: Canvass workgroups for information and liaise with line managers and the staff with WHS functions and provide feedback to the Health and Safety Committee



# SYSTEMS, SYMBOLS AND BEHAVIOURS



| Systems   | Symbols   | Behaviours   |
|---|---|--|
| Health and safety arrangements                        | Reward and recognition programs                       | Demonstrated safe work practices   |
| Health and safety policy and procedure documents      | Continuous improvement in risk management             | Active engagement in health and safety issues                                |
| Safe work method statements                           | Reporting requirements defined and monitored          | Bottom-up leadership—<br>everyone is a leader in safety                      |
| Job safety analysis                                   | Accountability integrated into performance assessment | Networking with similar industry   |
| HR data and WHS intelligence, reporting and processes | 'Active' and effective<br>leadership                  | Taking responsibility for own actions and reporting health and safety issues |
| Data collection and trend analysis                    | Visibility and awareness campaigns                    | Review and monitor effectiveness of risk control measures                    |

Adapted from Taylor, C 2005, Walking the Talk, Random House, Great Britain.